

Reducing Emissions from All Land Uses- REALU: Research Results and Activities

By

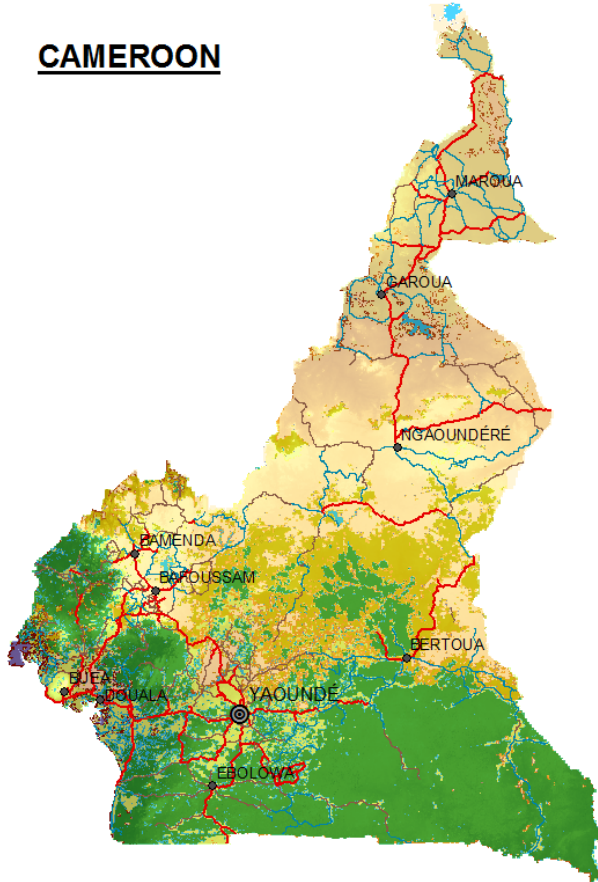
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and
Zac Tchoundjeu**

Presentation Outline

- REALU Team
- Objective of REALU
- Study Area in Cameroon
- Timeline of REALU
- Achievements of REALU
- ✓ Key Research Results
- ✓ Sensitization Workshop
- ✓ Training Workshop

REALU Partners in Cameroon

CAMEROON



World Agroforestry Centre
TRANSFORMING LIVES AND LANDSCAPES
regional centres
type . route . importance . saisonnali

IITA



Sustainable Tree
Crops Program



Norad

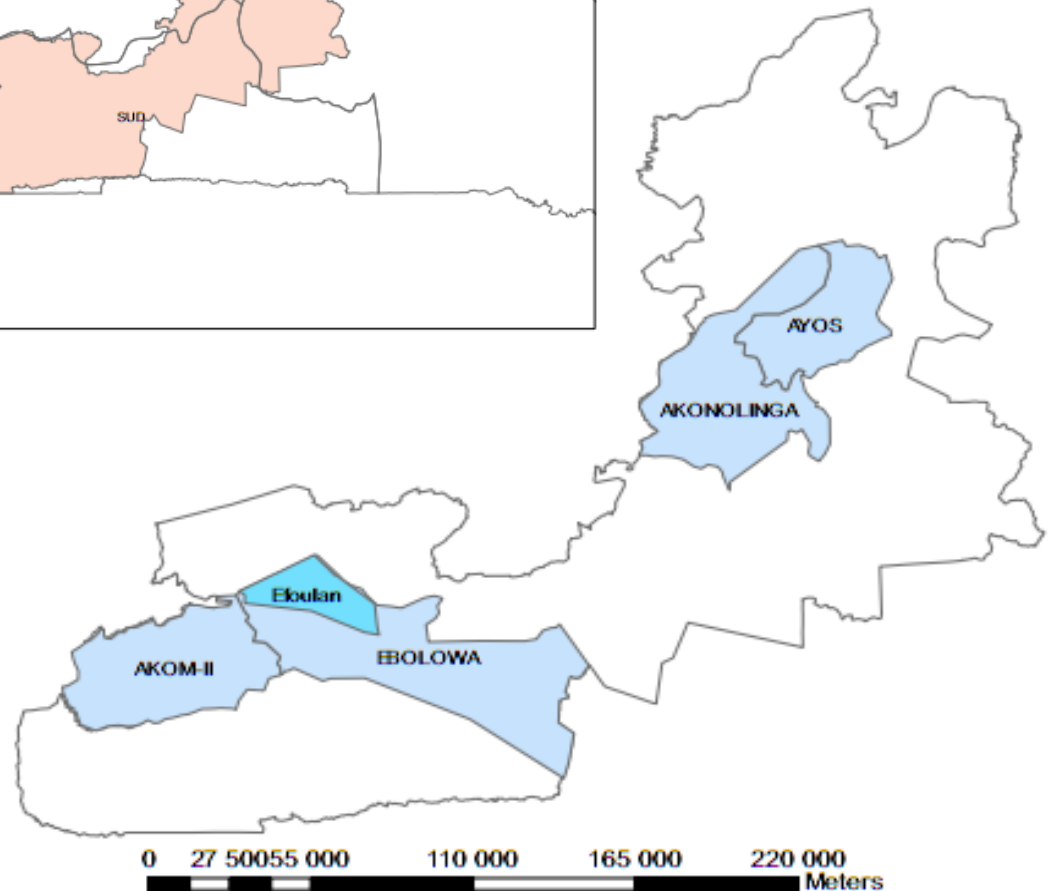
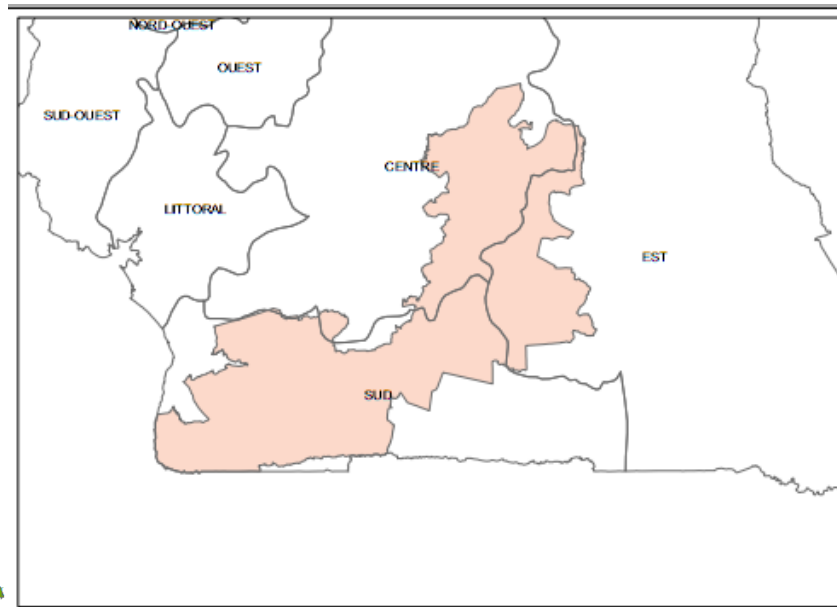
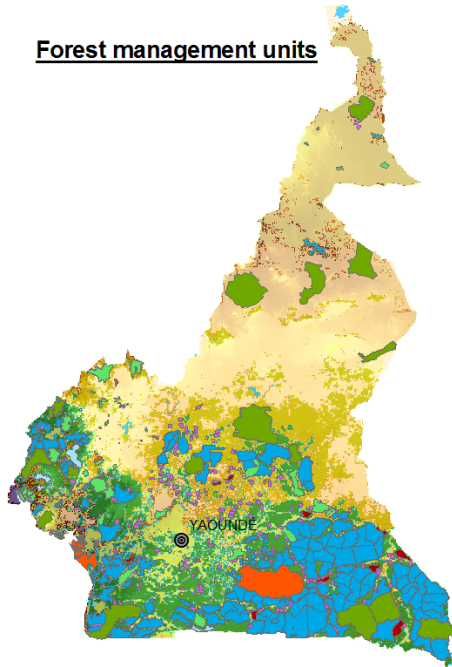
What is REALU and what is its goal

REALU – Reducing Emissions from All Land Uses – takes a step further in that in addition to REDD+, it considers all transitions in land cover that have the potentials to sequester carbon, like peat land, mineral soil, trees-outside-forest, agroforests, plantations.

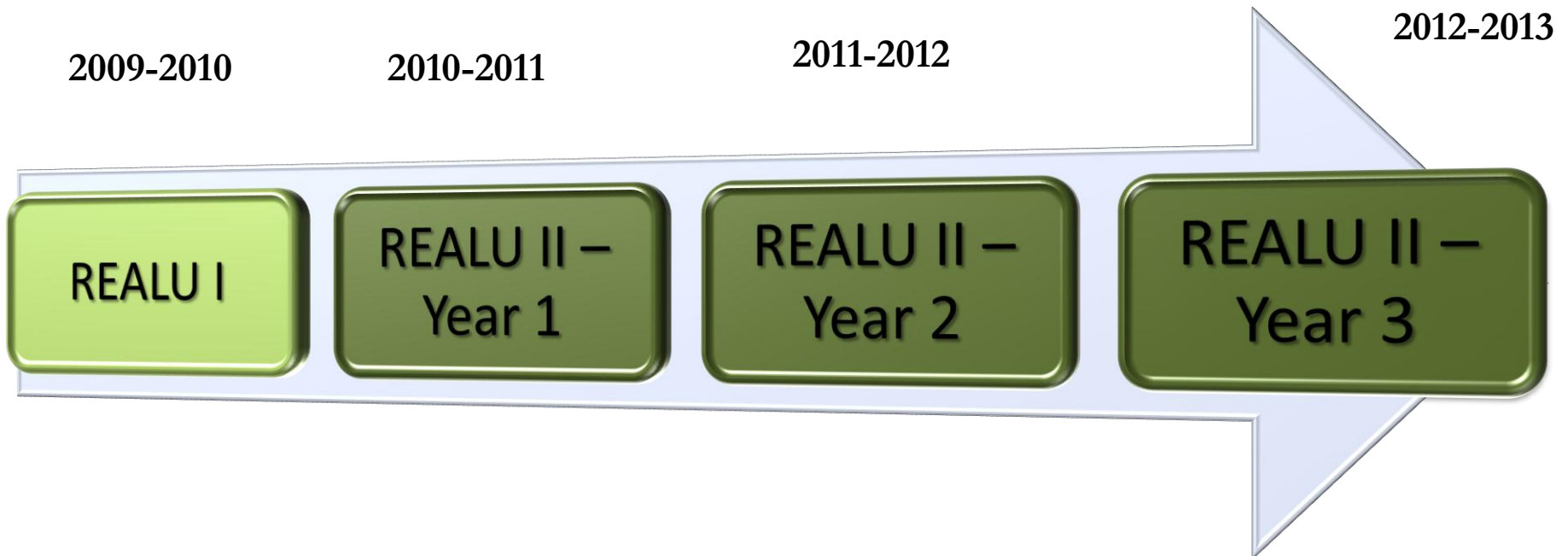
The overall goal of REALU is to develop, through action research, a set of approaches, methodologies and national capacity to effectively implement landscape-based strategies for reducing emissions from deforestation and degradation (REDD+), within the context of sustainable rural development.

Where we work?

Forest management units



Timeline of REALU



Direct drivers of deforestation

1. Agricultural expansion

- Shifting cultivation for food and cash crops
- Expansion of annual crop systems in peri-urban area
- Large-scale plantations like oil palm and rubber plantations

2. Extraction

- Charcoal
- Fuel wood

3. Infrastructure

- Roads
- Markets
- Settlements

4. Industry

- Mining

Indirect drivers of deforestation

1. Demographic factors

- Population increase

2. Economic factors

- Poverty

3. Technological factors

- More access to input for food and cash crops

4. Institutional factors

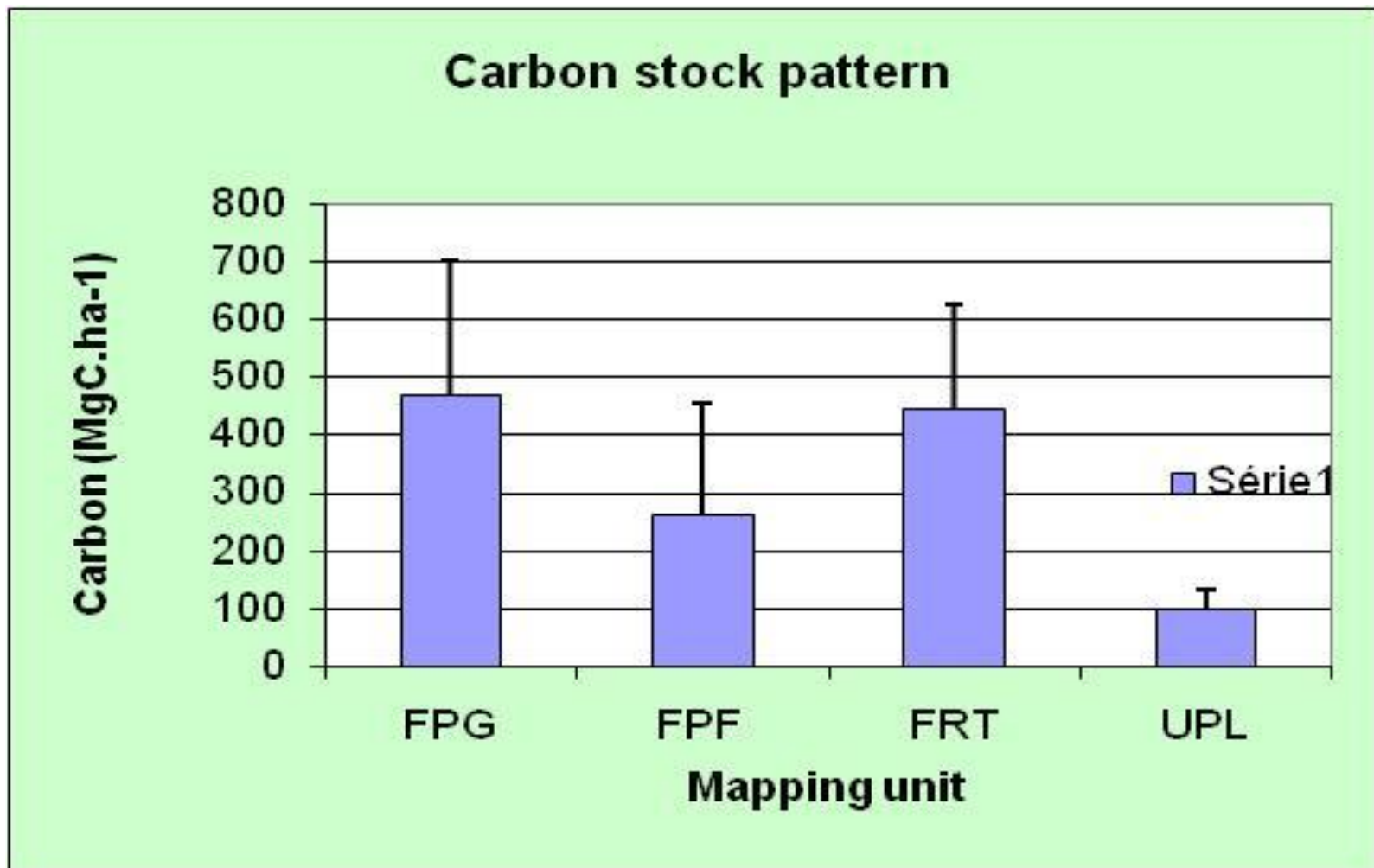
- Agricultural policy

Drivers of forest degradation

- In Cameroon for example, about 75% of the forest has been the object of some sort of exploitation and is degraded.
- The drivers of forest degradation include:
 - Industrial Logging,
 - Artisanal Logging
 - Illegal Logging from the formal and informal sector.

Carbon Sequestration Potentials of Peatlands





C stocks variation between the mapping units

WORKSHOP ON THE SENSITIZATION OF STAKEHOLDERS ON THE REDD+ PROCESS IN BAFOUSSAM 26 - 27 MARCH 2012



Local NGOs, Traditional Authorities, and Sectorial Administrators from the West and Northwest Region of Cameroon

WORKSHOP ON THE SENSITIZATION OF STAKEHOLDERS ON THE REDD+ PROCESS IN BAFOUSSAM, 26 - 27 MARCH 2012



The overall objective of the workshop was:

- To encourage effective and active participation of all stakeholders in REDD+ process through information sharing and discussions.**

WORKSHOP ON THE SENSITIZATION OF STAKEHOLDERS ON THE REDD+ PROCESS IN BAFOUSSAM, 26 - 27 MARCH 2012

During the workshop:



- **Participants shared their understanding of REDD+, the drivers of deforestation and forest degradation, and their impacts on their lives.**
- **Participants were sensitized on the R-PP (REDD Readiness Preparation Proposal) which is being developed for submission to the World Bank.**

CAPACITY BUILDING OF NATIONAL STAFF ON CARBON STOCK MEASUREMENT - MBALMAYO, 20-23 May-2012



51 persons were trained

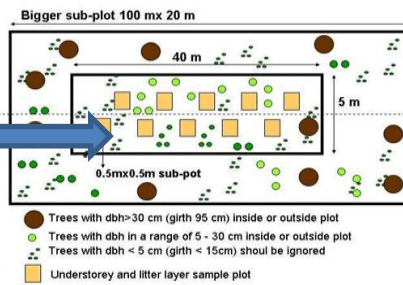
- University lecturers
- PhD students
- Staff of relevant ministries(MINFOF/MINEPDED)
- Staff of local NGOs
- Staff of International NGOs

DEMONSTRATION OF CARBON STOCK MEASUREMENT

"Learning
by Doing"



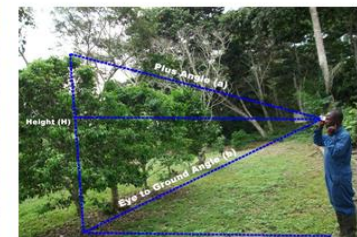
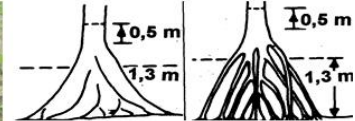
Nested Plot Design for Sampling



Theoretical Course



- Cocoa Farm
- Home garden
- Old fallow



DEMONSTRATION OF CARBON STOCK MEASUREMENT



Results obtained by trainees

	Cocoa farm	Old fallow	Home Garden
Above ground Carbon	89,13 tC/ha	118,73tC/ha	31,75 tC/ha

Conclusion

- A landscape-based approach for reducing emissions from deforestation and degradation is needed.
- Transitions in land cover affect carbon storage whether peat land, agriculture, or agroforestry systems.

Recommendations

- There is a need for policy makers to design policies that:
 1. Serves to promote vegetative propagation of trees outside the forest (like *Dacryodes edulis*) as a strategy for carbon sequestration
 2. Promote conservation of peat lands due to their enormous carbon sequestration potentials
- Promote capacity building on carbon stock measurements at the national level so that replication is done at the sub-national level

Thanks a Lot